

Regional Timeline/Outline for: United States

RHS

Mrs. Osborn

	PERIODS 1, 2, & 3 8000BCE-1450CE	PERIOD 4 1450-1750	PERIOD 5 1750-1900	PERIOD 6 1900-Present
Politics	-depending on regions (tribal societies) -different region had different way of controlling their people -no central authority	-democrats imposed on citizens -men- allowed to vote, no suffrage rule yet -John Locke- social contract inspired -"self-determination"	1776- Declaration of Independence -1787- Constitution (three branches or checks and balance) -democracy unbalanced among genders for suffrage	-WW1- war creditors remained democracy - 1965- Voting Rights Act - richest nation with huge power - sphere of influences
Economy	-pastoral/hunter gather societies- tribes - agriculture- have lots of great farmers, producing their regional crops	Columbian Exchange new food source, animals, resources transferred between Europe and Americas African Slave Trade benefits US for its cheap labor	-involved in trades -one of the top 5 trading empire -benefit through colonization, exploited natural resources	WW2- rose to dominate world due to other countries were destroyed in the war -highly industrialized -earned a lot of profit with imports/exports
Social Class/Gender	-class determined by age (the oldest receive more respect and power) -people who owed a lot of horses, equipments, crops, families -matrilineal societies	Women- inferior to men -Enlightenment ideas push for freedoms/rights of women -peasants, wealthy, nobility	Women's reform- 1830s for family, divorce law Women's sphere Moving toward suffrage Class determined by races Huge middle class groups	-patriarchal societies -women have more job opportunity in the modern period -suffrage- given 1965 -class determined by wealth
Science/Inventions	-develop own farming equipments	borrowed a lot from the Chinese, Arabs and Islamic world	1800s- textile factory system brought from Europe Technological innovation- spurred industrialization	-more advance navy, military equipments, creators and producers of luxury products
Art/Architecture	- depending on regions - teepee, thatch roof house, huts etc...	Borrowed ideas from various empires/countries such as Indian, Europeans, China etc...	influenced by European/ Asian architecture-Renaissance/Indian building styles	still borrowed ideas from Europe artists/architects
Empire	No empire- series of tribe societies	fragmented regions, no central authority to rule and combine all areas together yet	Monroe Doctrine 1823 -used British navy Spanish American Empire -controlled Philippine, Guar, Puerto Rico	Still a big empire - distributed products to earn - influence on other nations to invest in US - powerful
Religion	-most were animist -some don't believe in god at all	Christianity	Christianity dominated, some still polytheists, animists, or secular	Christianity remained strong, some minority – remained their own traditional religions