APWHPERIOD 5 (1750-1900)

Industrialization & Global Integration WORLD MAP TEST

STUDY GUIDE

(Don't forget to title your map & include a key for empires using colors of your choice.)

Remember, completed Practice Map counts for 20 points of test score & is due before the test

MAP/TIMELINE TEST: 2/19 [A] & 2/20 [B]

3000 km (équateur) 2000 mi (equator)

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HISTORICAL CONTEXT OF PERIOD 5 GEOGRAPHY:

Industrialization & Global Integration, 1750-1900

- Between 1750 and 1900, the world's geography was defined by technology and colonialism.
- Technologies of transportation and communication, trade, venture capital, and migration created the world's first global civilization and fueled the competition for and acquisition of empires.
- Centers of industry such as the vast Canadian-American complex around the Great Lakes and the Ruhr of Germany became critical.
- To facilitate trade and military power, canals were dug between seas and oceans.

PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY

- Congo River
- Great Lakes
- Lake Victoria
- Niger River

- Nile River
- Saint Lawrence Seaway
- Suez Canal

REGIONS

- The Balkans
- Central Asia
- Indonesia
- The Ruhr
- Siberia
- The Sudan

CITIES

- Berlin
- Bombay (now, Mumbai)
- Calcutta (now, Kolkata)
- Chicago
- Hong Kong
- London

- New York City
- Paris
- Shanghai
- Singapore
- Tokyo

NATION STATES

- Argentina
- Brazil
- Germany
- India

- Korea
- Mexico
- Peru
- South Africa

MODERN STATES & EMPIRES (Color w/key)

- Belgian Empire
- British Empire
- Cherokee Nation
- Dutch Empire
- Egypt
- French Empire
- German Empire
- Gran Colombia

- Haiti
- Japan (Tokugawa/Meiji)
- Ottoman Empire
- Qing China
- Siam
- Tsarist Russia
- USA
- Zulu Kingdom

